Role of Digital Twin in Semiconductor Manufacturing and AppliedTwin[™] Platform

Ala Moradian Ph.D. Computational Products and Solutions (CPS) Center of Excellence

Electronic Design Process Symposium, Oct. 3-4, 2024

Applied Materials External



AppliedTwin[™] Platform

ChamberTwin[™] Demonstration

EcoTwin[™] - Sustainability Application

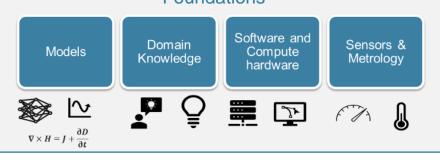
EduTwin™: Education and Training through Models



AppliedTwin[™] | A Comprehensive Platform for Semi Equipment and Process DT

Digital Twin Definition

A virtual representation of an equipment and process based on **best available models**, informed by **sensor and metrology data**, guided by **domain knowledge**, and continuously **synchronized** with a physical counterpart. AppliedTwin is designed to predict equipment performance and process outcomes with a fidelity that provides actionable insights to the user.

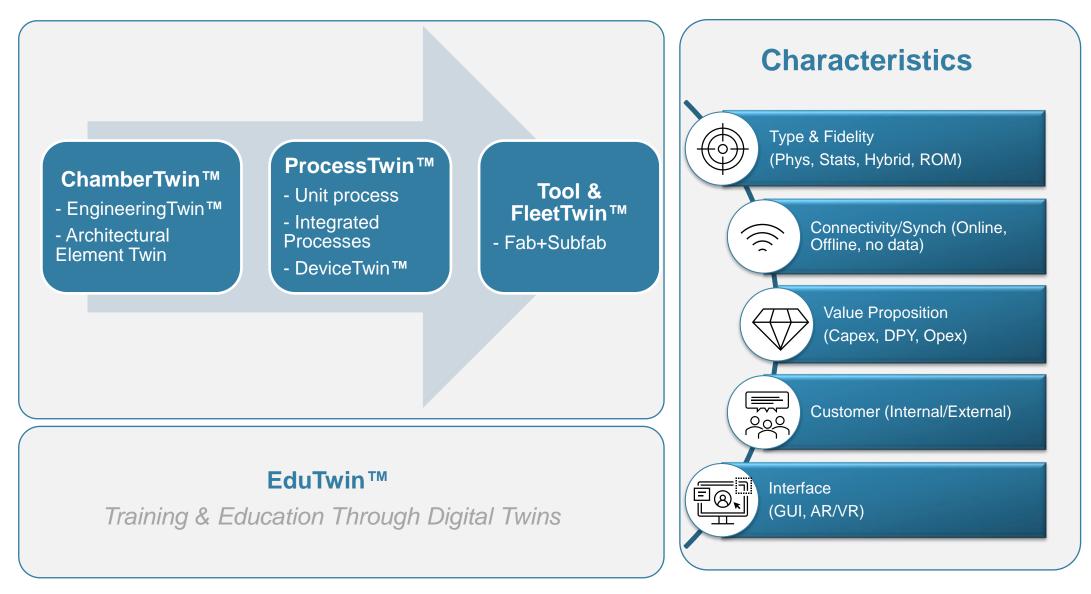


<u>Applied Materials Blog: AppliedTwin™ Vision</u>





AppliedTwin™ | Classification: DT for Semi Cap Equipment Manufacturing



Benefit: R&D Acceleration, Ramp-up, HVM, Diagnostics, Control, Productivity



AppliedTwin[™] Platform

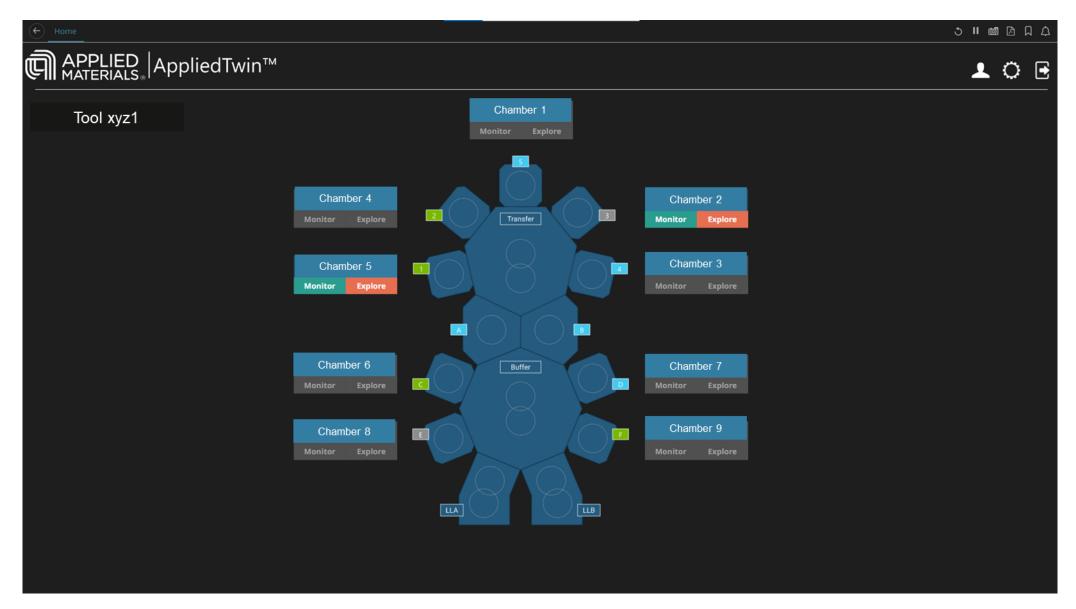
ChamberTwin™ Demonstration

EcoTwin[™] - Sustainability Application

EduTwin[™]: Education and Training through Models



AppliedTwin™ | Chamber-level page





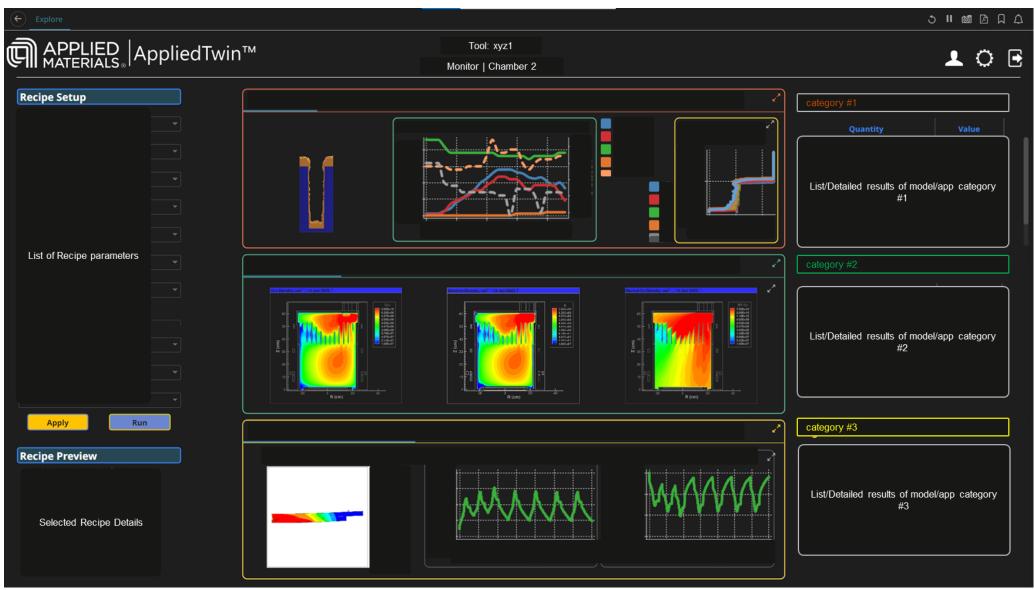
AppliedTwin[™] | Monitor

Each box/color represents a category of results – e.g., related to temperature, plasma, stress, etc.





AppliedTwin[™] | Explore





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EcoTwin[™] | Industry Drivers & Trends

Customer ESG Commitments



https://esg.tsmc.com/download/file/2022_sustainabilityReport/english/e-all.pdf



https://media-www.micron.com/-/media/client/global/documents/general/about/2023/2023_micron_progress_sum mary.pdf?la=en&rev=7869/9b55011499/94859812bd501b37



https://images.samsung.com/is/content/samsung/assets/uk/sustainabilit y/overview/Samsung_Electronics_Sustainability_Report_2022.pdf



https://csrreportbuilder.intel.com/pdfbuilder/pdfs/CSR-2022-23-Full-Report.pdf

Scale & Complexity driving higher emissions



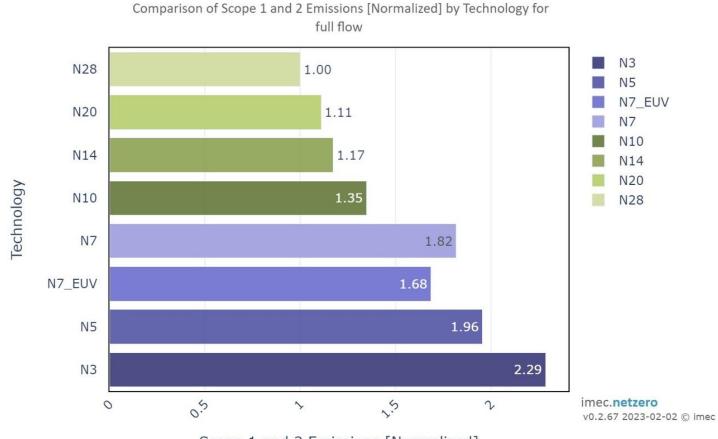
Gary Dickerson, Applied Materials, SEMICON West 2020

Companies already have made aggressive commitments and are making tremendous progress towards their goals

Increased resource utilization efficiency is necessary to capture future growth



EcoTwin[™] | Technology Node versus Consumption Trends

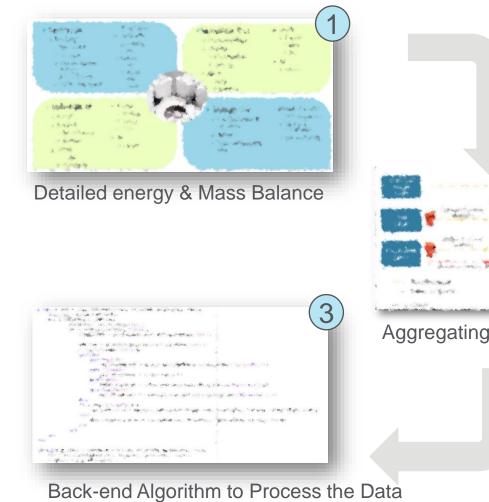


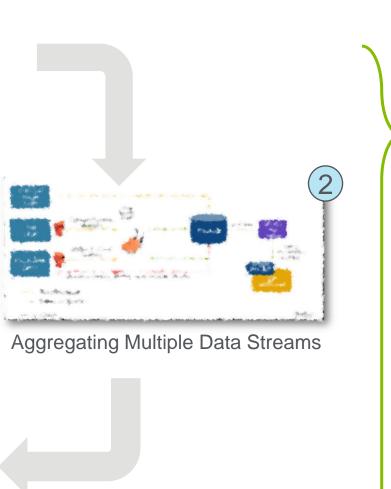
Scope 1 and 2 Emissions [Normalized]

Ref.: https://www.imec-int.com/en/press/imecs-virtual-fab-underpins-strategies-reduce-carbon-footprint-lithography-and-etch-process



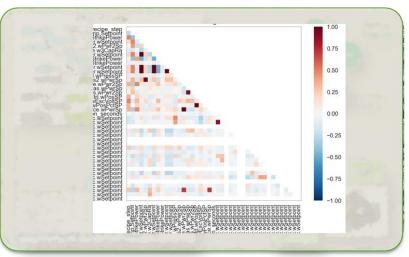
EcoTwin[™] | Development Overview – In a Nutshell







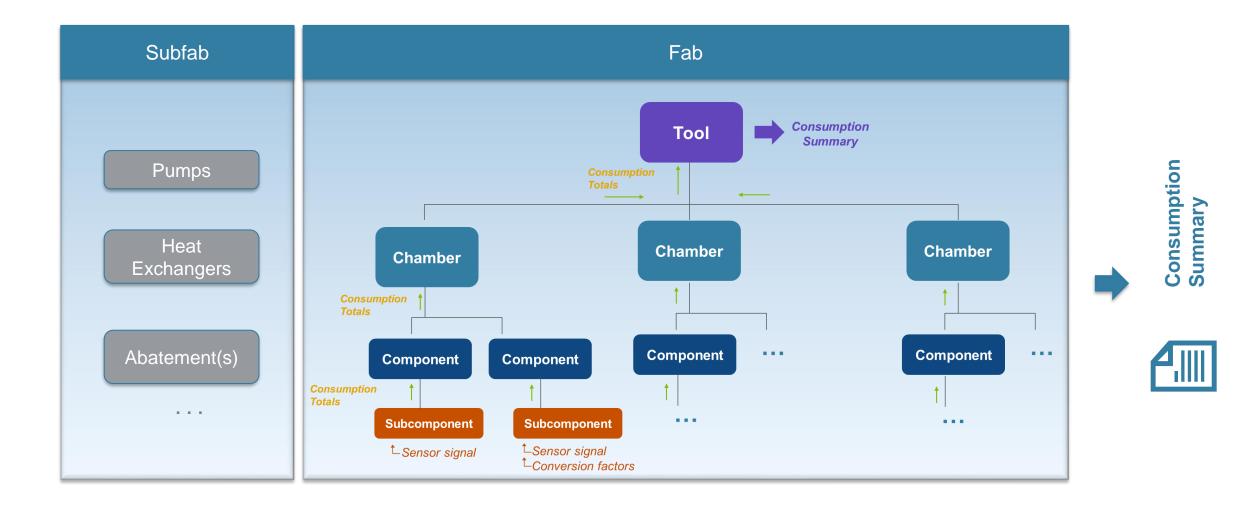
EcoTwin Dashboard



Extensive Quality and Reliability Analyses

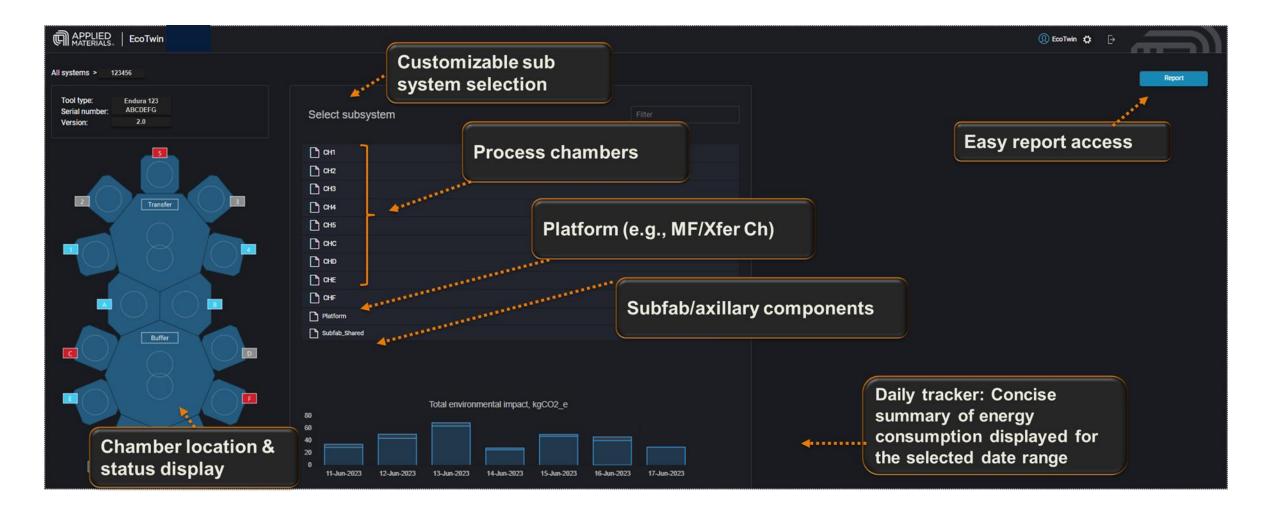


EcoTwin[™] | Technology Node versus Consumption Trends





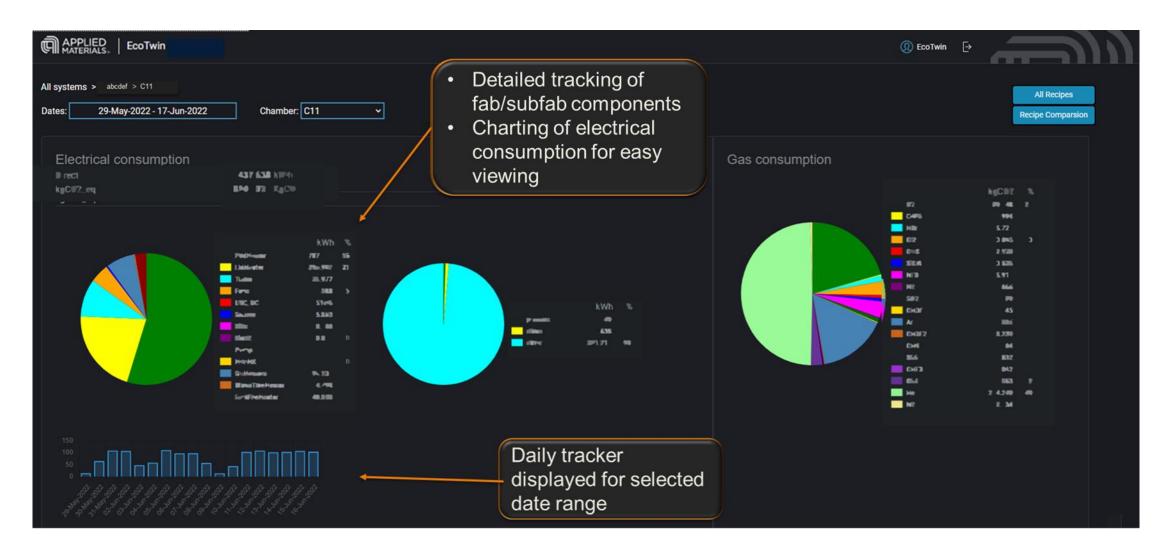
EcoTwin[™] | Overall Consumption



A user-friendly visualization of overall consumption at fleet/tool/chamber at a glance

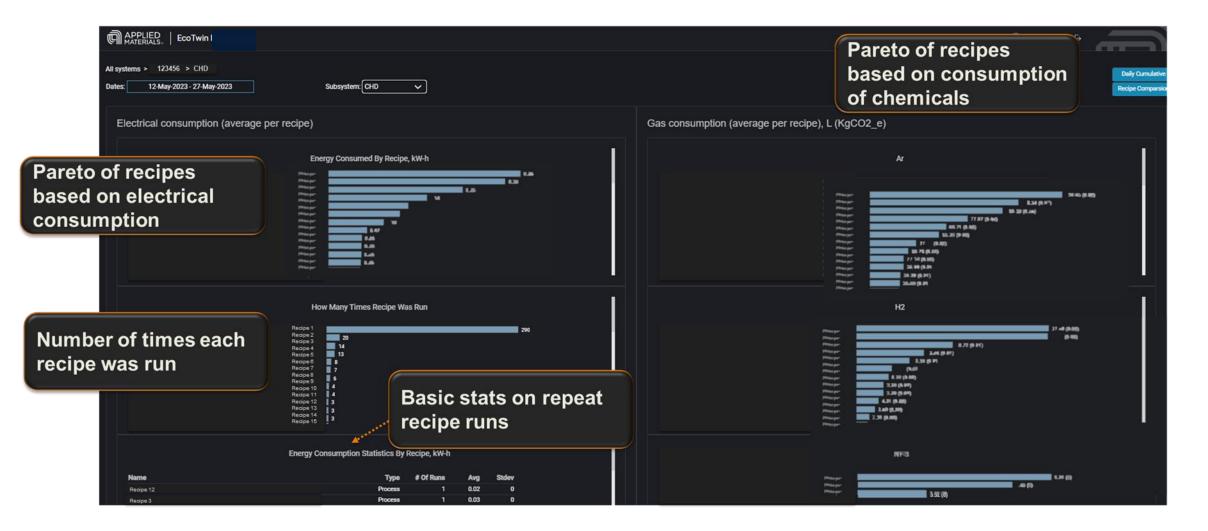


EcoTwin™ | Chamber Electrical and Chemical Consumption





EcoTwin[™] | All Recipes: Consumption Analysis





AppliedTwin[™] Platform

ChamberTwin[™] Demonstration

EcoTwin[™] - Sustainability Application

EduTwin™: Education and Training through Models



EduTwin[™] | Training and Education Through Models

There is a growing demand for workforce development

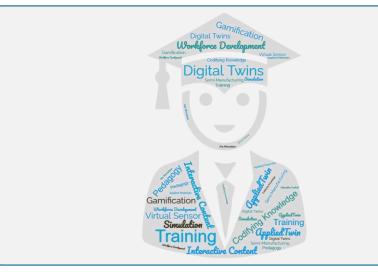
- While hands-on training is the most effective way
- Considering tool time availability is limited and costly
- And technology (process and hardware) Knowledge is scattered among busy experts

"US needs STEM workers to win semiconductor race." USA Today 2023

"By 2030, more than one million additional skilled workers will be needed to meet demand in the semiconductor industry." <u>Deloitte</u> 2023

"US Universities are building new semiconductor workforce" <u>IEEE Spectrum</u> 2023

"America Faces Significant Shortage of Tech Workers in Semiconductor Industry and Throughout U.S. Economy" Semiconductor Industry Association 2023



Developing a training platform based on digital twins to train fundamentals of semiconductor manufacturing



AppliedTwin[™] | Summary and Take-aways

- AppliedTwin framework was introduced and examples of ChamberTwin, EcoTwin, and the concept of EduTwin was briefly discussed.
- At Applied, our vision is a holistic digital twin architecture representing the entire semiconductor process flow.
- Digital twins give us opportunities to accelerate concept creation, process exploration, prototyping, testing, knowledge sharing and talent development.
- While the opportunities of digital twins in semiconductor industry is immense, the challenges are great also. Understanding and incorporating proper physics, chemistry, domain knowledge, sensor accuracy, data strategy, ROM development, etc. will remain as highest priority.
- Physics alone won't be able to be accurate and predictive, and therefore, incorporating data-based (e.g., AI/ML) and hybrid (physics and data) models remains essential.



AppliedTwin™ | Challenges To Enable A True Virtual Fabrication

Digital Twin Development

- Data Acquisition & Integration: Stringent specs for devices directly impact process chamber requirements in terms of precision monitoring (sensors) and control of temperature, flow, concentration of precursors
- **Materials:** property measurement and control (new materials)
- **Model Complexity and Fidelity** (the physics and modeling approach): wide range of physical phenomena, including fluid flow, heat transfer, and electro-mechanics, and would necessarily include material properties.
- Real-time Synchronization and Updates
- System-level approach: Connecting reactor-level process knobs to on-wafer (or feature-level) characteristics
- Security and Privacy
- Verification and Validation
- Visualization and User Interfaces



AppliedTwin[™] | Challenges To Enable A True Virtual Fabrication

- Packaging specific challenges for Equipment
 - Wafers can be composed of several materials (Si, metals, dielectrics, epoxy, polymers, organics...), which demands for frequent and complex chamber clean, more difficult predictive maintenance, etc. This can be a major issue to customers who are especially more cost conscious in the packaging market due to many small players or 'OSATs' (Outsourced Semiconductor Assembly and Testing firms).
 - Due to the presence of organic material, **temperature overshoot** is carefully considered in designs. High temperatures may cause polymer glass transition and hence degradation/defects or destruction of device itself. This would potentially require more advanced temperature ramp control and prediction capabilities.
 - Wafer warpage monitoring and management can become more challenging.
 - Some technologies are unique to HI microwave heating and curing of polymers, spray coating, and thermal curing in ovens need more sophisticated models.
 - **Device integration related** Ability to predict the electrical performance of a specific structure or combination of packaging layers such as Through Silicon Via (TSV) + hybrid bonding under different process conditions. It is more challenging predict the performance of a truly heterogenous integrated package with different chips, devices and vendors coming together.



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